

UNIT 7. TRAFFIC

Họ và tên :

Lớp :

A. PHONETIC

Question I. Find the word which has different sound in the part underlined.

(Tìm 1 từ có cách phát âm khác so với các từ còn lại)

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>s</u> un | B. <u>f</u> un | C. <u>pu</u> t | D. <u>u</u> nhappy |
| 2. A. <u>mi</u> nd | B. <u>bi</u> ke | C. tra <u>di</u> tion | D. <u>ti</u> dy |
| 3. A. <u>my</u> | B. happy <u>u</u> | C. hobby <u>u</u> | D. factory <u>u</u> |
| 4. A. <u>he</u> alth | B. <u>tea</u> m | C. <u>se</u> a | D. <u>be</u> ach |
| 5. A. <u>the</u> y | B. <u>th</u> ank | C. <u>the</u> se | D. <u>the</u> re |

Question II. Find the word which has different sound in the part underlined.

(Tìm 1 từ có cách phát âm khác so với các từ còn lại)

- | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>s</u> un | B. <u>f</u> un | C. <u>cu</u> t | D. <u>pu</u> t |
| 2. A. <u>mi</u> nd | B. <u>bi</u> ke | C. <u>ci</u> ty | D. <u>ti</u> dy |
| 3. A. <u>my</u> | B. city <u>u</u> | C. hobby <u>u</u> | D. factory <u>u</u> |
| 4. A. <u>he</u> alth | B. <u>tea</u> m | C. <u>tea</u> cher | D. <u>be</u> ach |
| 5. A. <u>the</u> y | B. <u>th</u> ank | C. <u>the</u> ater | D. <u>th</u> ursday |

Question III. Find the word which has different sound in the part underlined.

(Tìm 1 từ có cách phát âm khác so với các từ còn lại)

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>u</u> nhappy | B. <u>s</u> un | C. <u>pu</u> t | D. <u>stu</u> dy |
| 2. A. <u>hi</u> story | B. <u>li</u> ke | C. tra <u>di</u> tion | D. <u>ci</u> ty |
| 3. A. <u>my</u> | B. happy <u>u</u> | C. hobby <u>u</u> | D. baby <u>u</u> |
| 4. A. <u>he</u> alth | B. <u>tea</u> m | C. <u>tea</u> | D. <u>tea</u> ch |
| 5. A. <u>the</u> y | B. with <u>u</u> out | C. <u>th</u> ank | D. wea <u>th</u> er |

Question IV. Find the word that doesn't belong to the group.

(Tìm 1 từ có ý nghĩa khác so với nhóm từ còn lại)

- | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|-----------|------------------|
| 1. A. driving | B. flying | C. riding | D. gardening |
| 2. A. train | B. plane | C. boat | D. sail |
| 3. A. run | B. walk | C. swim | D. traffic light |
| 4. A. bike | B. motorbike | C. car | D. road |
| 5. A. driver | B. swim | C. play | D. ride |

Question V. Find the word that doesn't belong to the group.

(Tìm 1 từ có ý nghĩa khác so với nhóm từ còn lại)

- | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|-----------|------------------|
| 1. A. driving | B. flying | C. riding | D. gardening |
| 2. A. bike | B. plane | C. train | D. walk |
| 3. A. run | B. walk | C. swim | D. traffic light |
| 4. A. bike | B. motorbike | C. car | D. road |
| 5. A. drive | B. swimmer | C. play | D. ride |

B.USE OF LANGUAGE AND GRAMMAR.

Question I

B

VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

1 What do these signs mean? Choose the correct answer.

1.



- A. You can reduce your speed.
- B. You have to go fast.
- C. You must drive slowly.

4.



- A. For tourists only.
- B. Tourist information available.
- C. Information about tourists.

2.



- A. You can't use your camera here.
- B. Cameras are used here.
- C. Cameras are sold ahead.

5.



- A. There are wild animals ahead.
- B. There are cattle ahead.
- C. You can buy cattle meat here.

3.



- A. Be careful. Road works ahead.
- B. Watch out. There are workers.
- C. Look out for working children.

6.



- A. Cars and buses can pass.
- B. Cars cannot be sold here.
- C. Cars are not allowed.

2 Choose the correct option for each gap in the sentences.

1. Linh used to _____ jigsaw puzzles in his spare time.

- A. do
- B. does
- C. doing
- D. did

2. My mum _____ the bus to work every morning, but Dad drives.

- A. catches
- B. goes
- C. does
- D. runs

3. Traffic accidents can be prevented if people _____ the rules.

- A. remember
- B. obey
- C. go after
- D. take care of

4. You should look right and left when you go _____ the road.

- A. along
- B. up
- C. down
- D. across

5. Hurry up, or we'll _____ the last bus.

- A. lose
- B. avoid
- C. miss
- D. drop

6. Before the new system of traffic control, there _____ be more accidents.

- A. use to
- B. used to
- C. is used to
- D. was used to

7. Public _____ in this city is quite good, and it's not expensive.

- A. journey
- B. travel
- C. vehicle
- D. transport

8. _____ is not very far from here to the harbour.

- A. There
- B. This
- C. It
- D. That



Question II. Choose the correct answer :

1. Tung used a horse when he was a child.
A. ride B. to ride C. riding D. was ride
2. My father a car to work every day.
A. drive B. to drive C. driving D. drives
3. He did not jogging in the evening.
A. use to went B. used to C. used to go D. use to go
4. is it from your house to the stadium ? About 500 meters.
A. How often B. How far C. How much D. How many
5. He used to collect stamps when he a child.
A. was B. were C. are D. is
6. is about 2 kilometers from my home village to the town.
A. It B. They C. He D. She
7. do you go to school ? I go to school by bike.
A. How B. what C. when D. where
8. My brother used to go work bike.
A. by B. to C. on D. in
9. I to school on foot.
A. go B. to go C. going D. goes
10. How about to Sam Son beach by bus tomorrow ?
A. going B. to go C. goes D. go

Question III. Put the correct form of the verb in brackets:

1. He usually (go) to school by bike.
2. My father used to (go) Fishing when he was a child.
3. I (not/ used to) play games when I was a child.
4. How about (go) to the zoo on Sunday evening ?
5. She used to (be) a teacher.
6. I like (study) English every day.
7. Ba used to (play) Football in the afternoon.
8. I used to (play) football when I was young.

C.READING

Question V. Read the passage and answer these questions below :

Hoa is a new student in class 7A. She is from Hue and her parents still live there. She lives with her uncle and aunt in Ha Noi.

Hoa has lots of friends in Hue. But she doesn't have any friends in Ha Noi. Many things are different. Her new school is bigger than her old school. Her new school has a lot of students. Her old school doesn't have many students.

Hoa is unhappy. She misses her parents and her friends.

1. Where is Hoa from?

.....

2. Who is she staying with?

.....

3. Does she have a lot of friends in Ha Noi ?

.....

4. Why is Hoa unhappy?

.....

Question VI Choose the text below and decide which answer A, B,C, or D best fits each spach.

2 Read the text below and decide which answer A, B, C or D best fits each space.

When you are in Hong Kong, you can go about by taxi, by tram, by bus, or (1)_____ underground. I myself prefer the underground (2)_____ it is fast, easy and cheap. There are (3)_____ trams and buses in Hong Kong, and one cannot drive along the road (4)_____ and without many stops. The underground is therefore usually quicker (5)_____ taxis or buses. If you do not know Hong Kong very well, it is very difficult (6)_____ the bus you want. You can take a taxi, but it is (7)_____ expensive than the underground or a bus. On the underground you find good maps that tell you the names of the stations and show you (8)_____ to get to them, so that it is easy to find your way.

1. A. in B. by C. on D. with

2. A. because B. when C. so D. but

3. A. some B. a lot C. many D. few

4. A. quick B. quicker C. quickly D. quickest

5. A. as B. than C. so D. like

6. A. finding B. to find C. found D. to finding

7. A. more B. much C. as D. too

8. A. who B. when C. what D. how

3 Read the passage and put a suitable word in each of the gaps.

TRAFFIC LIGHTS

Modern traffic lights are an American invention. Red-green systems were installed in Cleveland (1) _____ 1914. Three-color signals were (2) _____ in New York in 1918. They used (3) _____ be operated by hand from a tower in the middle of the street. The first lights of this type appeared in London, on the junction between St. James Street (4) _____ Piccadilly, in 1925. Automatic signals were installed a year later. In the past, traffic lights used to (5) _____ very special. In New York, some lights used to (6) _____ a statue on top. In Los Angeles, the (7) _____ did not just change silently, but would ring bells to wake the sleeping motorists of the 1930s. These are gone and have been replaced by modern systems that (8) _____ seen everywhere now.



D.WRITING

Question VII

E

WRITING

1 Rewrite the following sentences so that their meaning stays the same, using the word given for each.

1. A train leaves for Lao Cai at 5 o'clock every morning.

THERE

2. The distance from Ho Chi Minh City to Phu Quoc Island is about 300 km.

IT

3. Is it possible to travel to Sa Pa by air?

CAN

4. Be careful or you'll fall off your bicycle.

IF

5. Our teacher is always a careful driver.

DRIVES

6. Mr Tam went to work by car some years ago, but now he cycles.

USED

7. Road users should obey traffic rules strictly.

OBEYED

8. My mother washed clothes by hand in the past, but she no longer does it now.

USED

2 Write a paragraph about the traffic problems in a village. You may use the following cues. Make sure to use the right connectors.

my village/ some traffic problems

cattle/ dogs/ run along or across the road

children play on the road

villagers sell and buy things on the road

people not obey traffic rules

dangerous → should be careful



Question VIII. Review the sentences using “used to”

1. My father lived in small village when she was a girl.

My father

2. There are more vehicles on the roads now.

There did not

3. We cycled to school two years ago.

We

4. There did not use to be many traffic accidents before.

Now there are

5. My brother went swimming when he was a child.

My brother

THE END